

## GHS Classification

**ID387**

**CAS 86598-92-7**

### Physical Hazards

**4-chlorobenzyl N-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)thioacetimidate**

Date Classified: Dec. 18, 2006 (Environmental Hazards: Mar. 31, 2006)

Reference Manual: GHS Classification Manual (Feb. 10, 2006)

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1 Explosives	Not applicable	—	—	—	Containing no chemical groups with explosive properties
2 Flammable gases	Not applicable	—	—	—	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
3 Flammable aerosols	Not applicable	—	—	—	Not aerosol products
4 Oxidizing gases	Not applicable	—	—	—	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
5 Gases under pressure	Not applicable	—	—	—	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
6 Flammable liquids	Not applicable	—	—	—	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
7 Flammable solids	Classification not possible	—	—	—	Classification not possible due to lack of data
8 Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Not applicable	—	—	—	Containing no chemical groups with explosive or self-reactive properties
9 Pyrophoric liquids	Not applicable	—	—	—	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
10 Pyrophoric solids	Classification not possible	—	—	—	Classification not possible due to lack of data
11 Self-heating substances and mixtures	Classification not possible	—	—	—	Test method applicable to liquid substances are not available (melting point: 90degC (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data), test temperature: 140degC).
12 Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases	Not applicable	—	—	—	Containing no metals or metalloids (B, Si, P, Ge, As, Se, Sn, Sb, Te, Bi, Po, At)
13 Oxidizing liquids	Not applicable	—	—	—	Classified as "solid" according to GHS definition
14 Oxidizing solids	Not applicable	—	—	—	Organic compounds containing chlorine (but not fluorine and oxygen), with the chlorine bound to carbon and hydrogen (but not to other elements)
15 Organic peroxides	Not applicable	—	—	—	Organic compounds containing no "-O-O-" structure
16 Corrosive to metals	Classification not possible	—	—	—	Test methods applicable to solid substances with melting point of >55degC are not available (melting point: 90degC (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data)).

### Health Hazards

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1 Acute toxicity (oral)	Category 5	—	Warning	May be harmful if swallowed	Based on the rat LD50 (oral route) value of 2.800mg/kg (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)).
1 Acute toxicity (dermal)	Not classified	—	—	—	Based on the rat LD50 (dermal route) value of >2,000mg/kg, together with the absence of mortality at this level (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)).
1 Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas)	Not applicable	—	—	—	Due to the fact that the substance is a solid according to the GHS criteria and inhalation of its gas is not expected.
1 Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist)	Classification not possible	—	—	—	No data available
1 Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist)	Classification not possible	—	—	—	Classification cannot be determined, though the available rat inhalation study reported the LC50 value of >1.02mg/L (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)).
2 Skin corrosion / irritation	Not classified	—	—	—	Based on no evidence of irritation observed in rabbit skin irritation tests (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)).
3 Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Category 2B	—	Warning	Causes eye irritation	Based on the evidence of mild irritation with effects clearing up after 24 hours, observed in rabbit eye irritation studies (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)).
4 Respiratory/skin sensitization	Respiratory sensitization: Classification not possible Skin sensitization: Category 1	(Respiratory sensitization) — (Skin sensitization) Exclamation mark	(Respiratory sensitization) — (Skin sensitization) Warning	(Respiratory sensitization) — (Skin sensitization) May cause an allergic skin reaction	Respiratory sensitization: No data available Skin sensitization: Based on positive results in guinea pig skin sensitization tests employing the Buehler method (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)).
5 Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified	—	—	—	Based on negative data in in vitro reverse mutation tests, in vitro chromosome aberration tests and in vivo mouse mutagenicity tests (micronucleus tests) (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)).
6 Carcinogenicity	Not classified	—	—	—	There was no treatment-related increase in tumor incidence observed in 2-year (rats) and 18-month (mice) carcinogenicity studies (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)).
7 Toxic to reproduction	Category 2	Health hazard	Warning	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child	Based on the evidence of increased fetal mortality, increased incidence of fetal malformation and increased visceral/skeletal anomalies at parentally toxic doses observed in rat teratogenicity studies (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)). Since it cannot be clearly demonstrated that these findings of offspring effects are secondary to parental toxicity, the substance is classified into Category 2.

8	Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure	Category 2 (nervous system)	Health hazard	Warning	May cause damage to organs (nervous system)	Based on the evidence from animal studies including piloerection, abnormal posture (crouching), abnormal gait (staggering), coma, pale limbs, decreased respiration rate, and increased salivation (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)). These effects were observed at dosing levels within the guidance value ranges for Category 2.
9	Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure	Category 2 (blood system, spleen, bladder, liver)	Health hazard	Warning	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (blood system, spleen, bladder, liver)	Based on the evidence from animal studies including hemolytic anemia, increased spleen weights, increased hemosiderin deposition in the spleen, darkening/swelling of the spleen and hepatic centrilobular hypertrophy. Bladder effects (edema, congestion, and hypertrophy of mucosal epithelial cells) were also noted (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data (1993)). These effects were observed at dosing levels within the guidance value ranges for Category 2.
10	Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible	—	—	—	No data available

### Environmental Hazards

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)	Category 1	Environment	Warning	Very toxic to aquatic life	It was classified into Category 1 from 48 hours LC50=0.185mg/L of the crustacea (Daphnia magna) (Agricultural Chemical Registration Data, 2003).
11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)	Category 1	Environment	Warning	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Since acute toxicity was Category 1 and there was no rapidly degrading (BIOWIN), and since there was bio-accumulation (log Kow=4.94 (PHYSPROP Database, 2005)), it was classified into Category 1.